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The Unsaid about British’s Withdraw from the European Union

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Dedication

I would like to dedicate this work to my family for their support, help and encouragement.

To all who help me to complete this dissertation.
Acknowledgements

I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my supervisor Mrs. AISSAT Djamila, for her invaluable and grateful help and support.

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And of course to all stuff of English department of Abd Alhamid Ebn Badis’s university. Without forget anyone who contributed in this humble work.
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<tr>
<td>ECB</td>
<td>European Central Bank</td>
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<td>EEC</td>
<td>European Economic Community</td>
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<td>ESM</td>
<td>European Stability Mechanism</td>
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<td>EU</td>
<td>European Union</td>
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<td>GDP</td>
<td>Grass Democratic Product</td>
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<td>IMF</td>
<td>International Monetary Fund</td>
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<td>IRA</td>
<td>Irish Republican Army</td>
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<td>JHA</td>
<td>Justice and Home Affairs</td>
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<td>MEP</td>
<td>Member of the European Parliament</td>
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<td>MP</td>
<td>Member of Parliament</td>
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<td>NATO</td>
<td>North Atlantic Treaty Organization</td>
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<td>OPEC</td>
<td>Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries</td>
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<td>PSBR</td>
<td>Public Sector Borrowing Requirement</td>
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<td>RUC</td>
<td>Royal Ulster Constabulary</td>
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<td>SDP</td>
<td>Social Democratic Party</td>
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<td>SIS</td>
<td>Schengen Information System</td>
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<td>UK</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
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<td>UKIP</td>
<td>United Kingdom Independence Party</td>
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Abstract

After the Second World War, Britain was not far from becoming one part from the third world. The decline touched several fields from politics to economic and in many other sectors. People had lost their principal to continue alive. At the time, Britain tried hardly to find solutions and in 1973 it become one member of the EU. Britain contributed in many treaties of the Union during fourteen years and after this, Britain and after the general election left the Union. And after this the prime minister resigned for his position. The leave ring used the problems of immigrations as an convince arguments to win the war against the conservative government especially, with the support of Gove and Johnson, the two are MPs from the Tory party. and may be this explained the resignation of David Cameron. The immigration existed in Britain from a long time, and they served Britain and Britain’s economy, and this explained that the UKIP or the leave ring had another goal from their leaving the Union. Forage Nigel is an UKIP’s leader, who was believed in the Nationality like Margaret Thatcher, and they became alone as other nationalists after her death, but he won in making change in Britain. When he lead it out of the Union.
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General
Introduction
General introduction

After the Second World War, Nothing is the same in Britain. The period marked as a turning point for Britain. The change touched several fields from politics to economic and many others sectors. At the time, Britain was close to be one part from the third world as CHIRCHILL stated.

After many time, Britain and in the third application joined the EU. But what is never predicted is Britain and last year was prepared for general election to choose whether to remain or left the EU. And the majority preferred to leave the union. And the story not finished here. The prime minister David CAMERON and after the referendum’s result announced that he will resigned from his position in coming months as a prime minister. Britain was work hardly to join the EU from 1961, till 1973. and after fourteen years as a member of the union, it left it as a majority of voters wanted in the election and this take us think about the reason behind this withdraw.

The prime minister showed his point of view about the Europe. And his support of the union. Especially in his speech of 2013 when he explained that Britain or the conservative government never wash their hands from dealing with the Europe and the union. But which is never mind was that, he resigned from his position. And this was happened a few hours after the referendum’s result. He announced that he was not the captain that will lead Britain more. And this explained the ambiguity of the plight or the existence of a hide thing behind his resignation. How he was stated before that he will continue his relation with Europe but he does the contrary?

The leave campaign noticed that the majority of the problems caused by the immigrants as a reason to leave the European Union. But was really that the
immigrants are making problems in Britain? And to know more about the plight, we also need to know who was the leaders of the leave campaign and its supporters as well?.

The immigrants in Britain were come from several places with different races. And they accepted their new situation there. They were better than the UK’s born in working, education, skills, and efforts to do their jobs. Besides, they accepted less salaries and wages. Their demand for goods and services, was raised opportunities for UK’s born, for instance in employment. “Immigrants provide skilled that we simply cannot afford to do without. They have contributed huge to Britain success”¹. And this reality leads us to confirm that there was same thing hidden.

The aim of this research paper is to know the fact of Britain’s withdraw from the EU and the hide reason behind the CAMERON’s resignation as a operation which was never thought about.

This dissertation consist three main chapters. The first chapter focus on the theoretical part or the background present the position of Britain after the 1945. And its attempts to join the European Union. The second chapter highlights the Britain’s situation in the union as one member of it during fourteen years. The third or the last chapter informed us or signified the hide reason behind the Britain’s exit and the resignation of its prime minister of the conservative conservative.

The Chapter One
The Weakness of Britain after the 1945
Since 1945, Great Britain passed through different changes, from the loss the empire and the collapse of the economy to renewal entry to Europe. Great Britain or the country which the sun never set it becomes just one country of the European continent.

Firstly, the change or the decline was touched the British politics. The damage began its effect in the government, between two main British parties which were the conservative and the Labor parties. The Cold War one factor that made Britain down when the Europe was as stadium for the war between two behemoths, the Soviets or the USSR and the United State. Secondarily, the decline also damages the British economy. Britain wasn’t imagining itself without commonwealth and the empire. The collapse depicted in financial analogue and sterling area and also in the administration. At that time the Grand design marked by US.

Britain tried many time to join European economy community from 1961 to 73. The crisis were raised for a long time and the rates taxation and the cut public spending were applied and also it limited wages and this paved a way to the supply of different turmoil. Also, the decline touched the society. People lived the poverty and a bad situations daily life especially the working class who faced largely the bad effect of the post war or the Cold War area after the Second World War. The dimension affected in British culture. The later swing between upper and lower classes because of the existence of social class. The trouble of Ireland was one factor made Britain loose the power to dominate it states especially between the Protestants of the north and the catholic of the south.

Britain at that time was looked for joined the European Union because of the bad situation that Britain become. The country received a help from US and in 1973, Britain officially become a member or one part of European Union. The aim of this chapter is to highlight the position of Britain after 1945.

I. The decomposition of politics

The period after the Second World War know as a era of the declination and devolution. “1947 the country was paralyzed by the worst snowfall of the century”. (Burk, 2003). This period tackled the collapse in many fields in the British society.
A shortage of the coal and crisis of production were marked after the Second World War. And the supply of the unemployment of people were signed. Its percentage were raised from 2% in December to 15% in February of 1947. Britain receive 3, 75$ Billion as a loan from the United State. And the Sterling convertible into Dollars. Britain’s credit from American and Canadian was exhausted. The austerity at that time was leading to the devolution of the pound in June 1949, from 4, 03 $ to 2, 80$. The balance of payments and any hope of continued investment depended after 1948 on Marshall aids from the US. The post war era faced problems between parties and amongst ministers. For instance Bevan described the Conservative as lower than vermin. One MP from the Conservative Party said that Bevan himself was working for revolutionary barracks. The problems also existed between the Conservative and Labor Parties were marked. Poll’s organization came against Labour government during the election. This period of 1950-51 knew as swing period in the party because of the high taxation, reduce the living standard. 21% from the labour party were voted against and this depicted the existence of the rift and weakness in the parties. The same era show that the government was troubled by a corrosive acrimony between ministers. Especially amongst Bevan and Gaitskell and the lack of anything to do. Bevan resigned from his position because Gaitskell was determined to cut health spending in the Budget as a part of an economy package. This explained some faces of austerity. (Turner, in British Isles since 1945)

Attlee loses his hope seat in parliament to the conservative. The latter get something from the fatigue of the Labour government and betrayal between voters which is not predicted. The Labours was collapse cohesion and finances. It’s become close to conservative as anti-labour victories. After the victory of Labour Party 1951, it sustains Welfare with managing the Capitalism. Churchill’s government released the controls which had restrained consumption in British’s labour. The conservative predicted that the power of the center of British political will hope for a lease of power. As effects of the Cold War, the Labour party divided into two in 1950. The first was robust anti-communists who inherited the attitudes of Attlee in power. The second was the left wing which regarded the Soviet regime as a model of socialist. They support the idea of nuclear disarmament and not agree with the rearming of Germany in early of 1950. The left also accrued the division; some of them believe in Russia invasion of Hungary in 1950. this good to the conservative which always
waiting for the opportunity to goad the Labour party. Britain enforce by American to membbring the common market in 1961.after realized that the economy decline, the government in 1963obliged to give up the rests of empire and to relate its military technology with United States.

Macmillan’s said that the South African division from the commonwealth because of the sympathetic of conservative party with the black Africans. Rising of working class made problem in the Labour Party. The problem also coming in the labour party between who were with the idea of ownership and others were against, they believe in the high taxation and high public spending. Gaistskell described seven ministers as desperate situation in the end of 1959.1966 both politic and economy were declined, the split in the labour party were occurred when the economy deflated, the percentage of unemployment were raising and the trade deficit and also the pound were devaluated and collapse. Until 1971the political problems still rising and the industrial production and different strikes were continued as refection of the bad plight that faced Britain after the Second World War.

II. Economic Decline

The decline also touched largely the economy .The collapse more faced in industry which has traditionally been strong in Britain. For instance the ship building declined from 37% share of the world market in 50% to only 3, 7% in 1974. The car industry starts serious problems at the end of Sixteenth comparing with the productivity in Japan and others European’s countries. The lack of trained staff at that level of the competence, the poor labour relations and the strength of the Trade Union have also been pointed out to explain this decline. In 1960, major strikes were organized in Britain. The Britain product in general was over prices comparing with others countries. In this same period the stagflation were appeared and Britain became debtless, the supply of jobless citizens, the poverty and the rising rates were marked as an explanation of Great Britain recession. The level of the debt from 1945 into the early of 1950 was a constraint. The rationing in one form or another thought the early post war years.(Tamlinson, in British Isles since 1945)

The period between (1950-1960) was knew as a real area of austerity. The country find itself in difficulties for instance to pay for the wages of the war.
decline also reached the GDP after 1970. The time also faced Oil shock three years later. British people lived deregulation and privation. Britain had an earlier appreciation of the danger than the US in the Cold War. After 1945 the colonies began to drop from the empire. Jordan became free in 1946, a year later the India and Pakistan gave its freedom and also African countries like Soudan in 1956, Ghana 1957 and many others because of Britain lack the strengths of the economy to keep them under its rules and domination. It lost 25% from the Second World War and it lacked the recovered to finance the coast of control. The lost of Indian army in 1947 made more difficulties in defense and the problem also marked when the colonies began asking for its independence like Japan which succeed in defeated the colonial powers.

The US saw the utility of her remaining when Britain withdrawal and take a power vacuum. After 1970 Britain leaved the Suez Canal. The era of 1950 famously know with the era of stop, go the GDP intelligence professional activity made politicians lack the incentive to citizen. The conservative governments made its effort like recommendation to work hard to serve the economy. The British faced the emergence of declinism who believes in the economic decline which recognized the party rivalry. The mismanagement of Tory Party helped the Labour to growth slowly in 1950. The government reduced weapons and think about standard of living and serving population. The conservative was forced the raising rates because the labour attacked the economic management. Many policies were introduced in 1964 to improve the operations of labour market.

One writer called Malcnon Muggeridge mentioned in his write about the British plight at that time (each time I return to England from abroad, the country seems a little more down than when I went away: its street shabbier, its railway carriage and restaurants a little dingier). He blamed the ministers from Lloyd George and Attlee and many others. The loose of the Suez Canal was one fell of the economic in the Middle East. The labour joined the common market in 1967 as a point of an economic collapse. The decline of OPEC Oil price made the economy growth slowly also it’s reinforcing the declinist who become more strongly. The industry after 1945 not developed, many people reject to work in agriculture also in the manufacturing employment peaked in both absolute in relative terms in 1960. In the begging of 1970 the slow in manufacturing was marked. Britain worry on altercating foreign

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investment to sustains in overall balance of payment. This problem touched negatively the wages of the workers of the manual jobs.

Many workers become jobless, when the majority of British industries were fell down. For instance the production of the cotton, steel, iron and coal which traditionally made in northern and in Britain. After 1970 the growth of GDP was slowest in Wales and north Ireland. As effect, 10% workers become jobless and the investment became more domestic. The government obliged to raise taxation to serve the health services also the military and education spending and the life in Britain was heard to live it easily.

The economist Shonfield Andrew saw the decline because of external commitments while Shankes saw that the problem was in trade union. As all this events reached in Britain after 1945, Britain close to be as a country from the third world.

II. Social decline

After the Second World War, Britain faced unemployment, malnutrition and the grosser forms of social inequality, illegitimacy and the raising the post war divorce rate and also juvenile delinquency, black marketeering and the culture of social integration were collapse. The housing also fell the existing of the ghettos for made people under the control. The life were become hard from eroding the intricate subsoil of spontaneous self and self regulating social groupings and networks the public expenditure were reduced. The society based on individualism, multiculturalism and consumerism. The Britons saw that their life was close to be as an obscure plight and barren. The economy crisis of 1970 effected the privatization and pluralism. After the war, Britain touched the social change like the lack of the job. Britain become debtless followed the Cold War and the rate was seen necessary to solve problems. The bad situations still supply and the decade well known with a devil’s decade. Even the Britons lived frozen winter, they hope that tomorrow will be better and will be bright. the rationing of the breaded ,the prolonged shortage of housing as sign of austerity and also the shaping in queues and coupons it means with pound. The turmoil spread against the Jewish in the east this stated the existence of the xenophobia.(Harris, in British Isles since 1945)
People at that time not asking for have more products. They find many difficulties in the society, they just want to get there principal. The crime and the violence were supply and the Burglary was spread. The problem still continued when the new act signed to pay for the rent. The Nottingham hill’s riot emerged as a racist as housing crises. Despite, Britain find difficulties in the export this touch the economy and the population which faced the poverty. With less wages like the old pension, the National Assurance declined and the budget not have a lot to pay for the population. The use of illegal drugs appeared as the major social problem, people consumer a lot alcohol. Britain at that faced the emergence of many ideologies one of theme was Marxism which believed in radical changed and intellectuality. Many families and communities emerged as a refusal of British life. The Scottish and welsh separation had marked in 1970 as the political and cultural forced.

IV. British culture after 1945

In 1950, and in the falling to trigger a second Elizabeth renaissance, some blamed the state. The culture was to narrow and too arid it means the culture at that time seem as it was not absolute and not in it peak. It focuses in London. Others blamed the artists and some another blamed all British. The problem of two cultures seem the decades pall not seem at all. And the major failure was in education and the exciting of disproportionately in middle class some of them draw out before qualification. The member of working class in the university was not a lot comparing with the European standard. The British was working slowly comparing with others like Spain. In 1951 Britain become more worry about their science despite it was the leader in discipline, Biology, astronomy and in many other fields. But many students left the school and go to work. So how Britain become flourishing and developed culturally. The majority of students refusing to study because they found, the education more expensive to working class student and poorer people. The effect of the plight touched peoples more than the government. The higher rates faced Britain ever where for instance in the cinema and the expensive of the ticket was faced. The majority find difficulties to enter the cinema and see films for culture and for known something new or to modernize so they declined marked in everything and this made working class reached problems like poverty. Leavis one of the artist who was
famous at that time. He suggest to reduce the culture of working class for avoid
knowing more about their right because this may be created problems. And this,
divide the society into part the lower culture and upper culture ,many people from
working class come under angry young men, they not accepted their situation they
asked for their foredoom and expression.(Mandler, in British isled since 1945)

The British culture relates the social change .it known as swing London as slogan of
marketing of one American product. In 1966, Britain takes many times to spread it
culture and beliefs in Ireland and Scotland like the decriminalized in Scotland until
1980. The mixing of upper and lower culture was found at that time. British become
fear that British culture will divided or separated between peoples that will up grow
the gap of class division.

\[ \text{V. Ireland troubles after 1945} \]

Ireland was divided into republic of Ireland, twenty six countries from Northern
Ireland, six countries . The government of the northern were collapse, it receive the
help from Westminster, they reached30 years of violent, guerrilla welfare and the
victims were more than 3,000 peoples died in the northern trouble. British tried many
time to stop the turmoil and spread the peace in the region, especially the conflict
between London, Dublin and Belfast. The southern led by Eman Devalera and his
Fiana fail party.90% from the population were catholic and the minority which protect
under the 40 articles since1937. It unified between three politics party labour, Gael
Fin and Fiana feel they learned their culture and beliefs in the school, as an
economically region. The northern was chose the free trade and also numbering the
EEC. The northern also built a unionist party as a contrast of the catholic. The
majority fall down in the conflicts which were in southern Ireland and England.
Although Irish in the post war were remain to economic slump, but the rationing and
wages standard still posed. Many people’s become jobless, especially were living in
unproductive forms. Many people are moved across Britain. This later also applied
the welfare policy in Ireland to help many families who were really in unhopeful
plight. The northern had the same standard and social services as England, Wales and
Scotland. This help the local government, one of the benefits was the national
assurance. The appearance of different disease like Tuberculosis. MacBride, from the
Northern Ireland worries the Britain if it still in the Ireland, the state will ask for
joining the NATO. The volume was faced the IRA, when they killing 6 members of
RUC, royal Ulster constabulary. The labour fight under the slogan the seventeen were
is socialist by Brendan Cornish. As a contrast Fianna Fail cruelly fight under the
socialists will be seventeen. the clash also marked between NIGR the association of
Civil Right of England and the RUC, military of southern and this before joining the
ECC.(Reogh, in British Isles since1945)

Part Two: Searching about solutions

I. The American not gives a thing for free

The American made a meeting or a convention for British plight and they agreed to
help Britain. The US gives 3000 Million Dollar to Britain. American was obliged to
stay in Europe with his military and weapons because the Europe was like an iron for
east Europe against Russian and this what inserted by independence party. American
came with the workers to the government aiming for radical changing in British
constitution. The US was colonized Britain in its country.

The US replaced Britain to control the colonies in one conference which made in
1955. American benefit from the NATO to fear Europe and to dominated and this
happened after the WW II, and after the weakness of Britain.Britain not care about its
colonies, it become fear from US to reached Britain especially after problems in the
conservative and labour party. Britain becomes a helper for US to realized and made
to planning for US and this after the labour party dominated by the USA and it’s
fighting the conservative party. According to independence party the US become
another side of Europe it was the important side in killing one another in Britain. And
what discovered and explain much time failure interiority and political change it’s
become an attractive country in the world. It’s refused to dominate by the US and it
just want to preserve its isles for which made England. Britain consist deferent side of
governors: Ireland, Scotland, Wiles and Britain. Ireland wanted her freedom and
division. The problem also was between catholic and protestant and amongst Scotland
and wiles. Britain was benefit from African and Middle East, but after 1945 it
becomes a black country. The decline came from the labour party when it become in
the government not by the conservative but by the support of US.
Britain have no power to preserve itself not from inside power but from the power which emerged at that time which were the US and Russian. The American want from Britain to stay but under the US domination. The US want to finish the power of the Britain because try many time to betrayal the US and made a problem between it and the Soviets, the US also do the same in Iran and in Egypt by Egypt’s president in the buying of Russian weapons and also in the idea of the Suez Canal and it believe in the independence of countries. Britain using Israel in the fight of 1956. In 1970, the US came for avoid Britain, France and Russian by using the president of Egypt. The British lose the war against US because of the military weakness and also in the economic and in the politic.

The country which never the sun set, become a division country and it remaining to be like one country from the third world.

II. France’s Veto:

After 1960, Britain tried many times to joined the EEC; but its demand was refuse twice by France or France’s president Charles Degaul. Through, Britain helped him before in the French Revolution. This later dated on 25July, 1940. The general Degaul meet British Prime Minister Winston Churchill and the two have the same interest which about defeating against the Nazi (the Germany). The two countries France and Britain signed an agreement and officially the recognized a free France. The Germany attacked France and it occupied the city on June 14. The Vichy government was emerge in the south but the north was dominate by the German military.

In September of the same year, France faced many social problems as any colony of the German like Poland. Many French people were moved from one place to another for searching for softy life and to avoid the places where the German located. The France also marked many serious of frustrations. The dimension of the German colonies touched all the kind of the people, one of theme the problem with the Jewish.

French was divided to groups, Anti-German which supported by the Paris Students which dated on November 1940. After German dominated some part of France, many politicians and many famous personalities escaped to broad. One of them the General Charles Degaul was escaped across Britain. Britain welcomed him as helper and saver
of his life and to avoid the attack of German against him because he tried many time
to fight against his enemy which was Germany.

In 1973 and after many tried Britain become officially one member of the European
Union with the help of France president Phillip who is made a treaty with German
leaders to finish the war between them. And this after the death of the president
Charles Degaul who refused Britain in the European Union and to be a part of the
EEC. With his using the Veto right.

Because of Britain faced problems after the Second World War and it was reached the
weakness and the decline in many fields from politic to economic decline, collapse of
industry and the lack of civil life and living standard were marked in the society. The
dimension also was touched the British culture and believes between upper and lower
classes. And also in the religion like what happened in Ireland amongst Catholics and
Protestants religions.

So Britain in the post war was obliged to find a solution to a bad plight that it become.
It received a billion of Dollars from US and Canada as a loan. And after this, Britain
become in debts or debtless from the US and from the world war two too. the
welfare states one of the strategy that was made by the liberal william beveridge
under the labour party. Although, the policy was welcomed by the government and
the majority of peoples but it was not covered all Britain’s problems or issues, from
damages which touched politic sectors, economic decline, to the culture collapse
and the degradation of the society.

Britain from 1960, tried many time to joined the European union but the France ‘s
veto refused Britain as a member of the EEC. For two time, the general Charled de
Gaulle was used the veto’s right against the Britain ‘s membership but after his death,
it was accepted by the Union and this event was happened in 1973. In 1973, Britain
and officially combined the EEC and in this year, it become one part of the European
union. and this may be will solve its problems especially the economics one.
Chapter Two
British’s Interest into the EU
The European union is a union which signed for and made after the second world war. The states from Europe organized such a union for avoid others problems in the region or in the continent like wars. and for spread peace and stability. It composed 28 states from the same continent. The union ratified under several treaties. and its principal interest is economic one.

The members states worked together for promote their interest and making laws. The development marked in many fields like agriculture and health and many others. and the supramation power are controlled by the union itself. the decisions are making by to ratification of all the members. The union consist many sectors serves it as a principal. the European council and European commission some of them. its position is to appreciated the decision making and support the common interests as an entire. From each states there are representative have a place or voice in the union. the union interested by both the home and foreign affairs. There are two years as a time for negotiate things between states which want to left and union. this treaty serve both the union and member states. One of the problems which faced the European union is the euro crisis. this currency not use by all the member. for example UK use the pound. the EU’s currency also deal by the central bank of Europe. There are a special zone consist members from the Europe which served economically this participants. especially in the trade. this schengen area signed by the five countries. to protect their borders guard for the security. and for realize this they work together.

The UK stays in the union about fourteen years as one member. it contribute in many institutions. and it joined the union from 1973. they participants with its representatives like others members. In 1975, Britain held the renegotiation for chose whether to stay or remain the European union. And the result came as the majority preferred to stay. Margaret Thatcher came in 1979 with its principal to make a change. she was against the membership of the Europe. But, she failed to realized her aims. In 2016, another general vote held in
Britain for the same reason. and the majority chose to left the union and not to be a member any more. the aim of this part from the dissertation is to depicted the position of Britain inside the EU.

**What’s the union**

To realize peace and economic establishment and development, 28 state cooperated as a unique form, as a unity. The union formed under several treaties after the second world war. The creation of specified area share by the members states. separately each state controlled hoveringly itself. and this was the hope and the aim of the creators and the founders of the union. especially, in the trade and in the economy such as steel and coal. For avoid other other problems in the euro zone.

Like another war which is not predicted. since 1945, this projects or programs has spread to banded other economic fields. they allowed to move or travel without passport and this just amongst the European countries. to facilitate the trade in the chengen area. the common currency (euro) was applied and also in the agriculture and different aspect of social and environment policy. And also they work in justice and home affairs (JHA). (Archic, 2016).

**How it works**

The members of the union deals with each others and working together to promote its interests. From a long time, it member states adopted a policies on an extensive and it has conformised in advance to realize the harmony in making the laws.

On the mass of the economy a social policies, the states have essentially supplied in making laws and controlling resource without the coercion of the union. EU have a salad or executive authority. The development and the advance marked in many fields; agriculture,
health and also in the environment. The union has a right to controlled in such area or the supramation power to applied the lows to the member states and this what was binding by the members of the union. The union and before making decision must all the 28 members states voting of the majority to accelerate the development in JHA. It giving many institutions of EU an important role in the policies making in the JHA .(Archic,2016)

**How the EU governed**

The EU has a supranational and intergovernmental resolution and this character don’t exactly similar to the traditional genre of the government and the formation power in representative democracies.

The European council works like a policy or a system to the EU strategy. It is consist of the heads of government of the member states of EU. and the president for the commission of Europe. It adjoin many times in the year in what are usually parted ‘EU peak’. The European council established by the member states and it was governed by a president to work for the council and to simplified meeting and the appreciations of the decisions making.

The European commission is basically the EU’s pursuance and supports the common interests of the EU as a entire. it achieves and made EU decisions and common system and polities, assures that the articles of the convention and treaties are carries out punctually and has the sole right of repeal and passed laws primarily in the most policy areas. it is consisted 28 commissioners, one from each country, who are agreed by accord between the members states to five year terms and ensured by the parliament one commissioner work as commission president, the others have different ministry for instance; energy, trade and many others. On several problems, the commissions discuss for reach the agreement with others countries. The commission is also the EU’s first suggestion or decision.
The council of the European union or the council of the ministers expose the 28 national
governments. The council undertake legalization, largely focus on tenders anterior by the board.
and accepted to by to the European parliament. several ministers from each country partake in
the council congress or appointment according to the theme or the subject which take up for
instance the foreign ministers meet for foreign affairs like middle east. The majority agreement
are subject to a difficult most voting program. but in the some areas like foreign and defense
system, and the rates and accepting more members need the general agreement of all members.
The governor of the council replace amongst the member states and each six months it will be
change. the governor serves set importance program and work for the council.

The European parliament shows the citizens of the EU. it composes of 751 members who are
straight for wardly elected for each five year. the recent one was since may 2014. Each state
from the European union has a seats proximately attribution to the member of the population.
although the parliament can’t introduce the legislation and making decision. It portion legislation
power with the council of ministers in different policy areas, making it to the right to agree, heal
or refuse the most of suggested EU legislation in a product know as the common legislate
technique. the parliament legislate on the basic of EU’s purse relate with the council as well as.
members of the European parliament (MEPs)caucus according to political pertinence rather than
nationality. there are eight politic groups and number of non arrested MEPs. (Archic, 2016)

There are many others institutions which have also important role the court of justice explain and
expound EU’s laws and its governing are agreeing; a court of auditors monitors of financial
management, also the central bank of deals of the euro currency. and there is others
**Lisbon treaty**

The latest institutional reform assiduous of the EU was on a the first of December of 2009. Libson treaty arrive forcedly after the agreement by EU’s members states. it is latest commodity of an endear noun start in 2002 to change the EU’s guiding institution and the legislate making advances to paved the way to a good result for the EU. And practice for the best works; besides, the treaty trees to provides the EU with a power and made her powerful and strong. and auscultator its voice in word wide and as well to raise more freedom and the transparency within the EU. (Archic, 2016).

To serve the achievement of these aims, the Lisbon treaty enacted two new leadership position. the president of the European council accepted by the members each one year and help now seats the conventions of EU’s heads of all the members states held as relaters between them embers, the treaty as well designed a duet hated place of a good representative of the union for a foreign affairs and security system or program to help basically as the EU’s leader diplomat the high representative is both an server of council of ministers and this talk about foreign affairs or international problems and barriers, also the delegate of president of the European commission, having a right for working in major of the board’s diplomatic actions and international and system.

Belong other characters temperance, the Lisbon treaty facilitates the EU’s requires most voting program and reform its function to a system areas at an earlier theme or primary decision to the members in general in the council of ministers; this reform was planned in part to advance for EU’s decision and ensure its effectiveness.

Yet, in pursuance, the members will attractively fixe for achieve general agreement on responsive system for example in the immigration and this recent issue in Britain, which are
mostly saw as a central to a nation state 4s governing separately, at the same time saw that 4s make possibility to cooperation and the integration of general agreement.

Also, the treaty raised the cooperate power of parliament in an support to ensure the accountableness of democracy. It encourage the parliament to be strong and be in power in the role for make the EU’s budget developed and progressively and straight the function of the general decision system to more program areas, termination agriculture and home affairs. As instance, the treaty equal in say amongst the parliament and the members in the council of ministers concluded the majority of EU’s decision making with exceptions like the foreign and defense, it’s focus in the home affairs. Besides, the treaty gives a high position of authority to the national parliaments to attempt in the primary decision by the European union and in more legislation based on general integration and agreement.

The euro and the Euro zone crisis

The euro is the common currency that is use by 19 members from the EU and usually are gathered or collective as degree. The stepwise of graduate the euro way begun in 1999 and 11 members were hold this currency. The later is used in the European central bank ECB and in many others policies like the common monetary policy. And currently, Lithuania became one part for a common currency. (Archic, 2016).

Between 2009 and 2010, the Greece faced the debts crisis. The crisis not something new to the Greece. In 2009 the crisis raised to the negative. The Greece obliged to borrow costs to pay for the rated which required by capital market. The problem move to many other countries from euro zone like Spain and Italy. This lead to the spread of unemployment in different states and the authority was marked. The ESM European stability mechanism appeared as a saver or a server for financial trouble and also the ECB the European central bank came with using credit for reducing debts and more financial problems in the crisis areas. In 2012 the plight begin to
stable but the problem in Greece still exist and continue bed and until 2015 the creek posed to be part of reality. because Greece haven’t the capacity to pay for IMF and for loan and rates.

The schengen area

The schengen area of motion in zone. it consists 22 states from the EU and four from non EU’s states. within the schengen zone, people can move freely without a permission or passport and this what facilitate many thing like trade. But this what just for the states from the area. the schengen found in 1985 which signed in one town from Luxembourg. Which originate by five countries. in 1999, the schengen united with EU. the countries of the zone work together for reached the peace and live safely without problems to abolished problems. and for reached this, it ‘s created the SIS. (Archic,2016).

The schengen area inform system to facilitate contrast police, and for border guard for the security of the zone in general. but have a cooperation and was as a servers for the security and safety of the members states of the EU.

Britain fourteenth year the the Union

Britain stay in the union more than fourteen years, as a member from January 1, 1973, under the conservative government. it was contributed in many EU’s institutions and some of them are:

The council of European union the national ministers meet orderly each others to take the EU’s laws and relate principals. This meetings dealt with by the representative from the UK government and this according to the policy area. UK was governed the EU’s council in many years in seventeenths, eighteenths and also in 2015. The work done by the permanent representative and the deputy permanent representative. (Owen, 2016)
The European commission Julian king is chosen from the UK as a commissar for the security of the union. This commission interested in the union itself and adopted all what are good for the union. It’s work in preparing laws and it serve the European parliament and the council.

European economic and social committee this sector serve and represent the class work, the employers and the interest groups. It advise for making laws for a best change for work and for social the plight of the members. (Owen, 2016)

Committee of the region this commute also meet to work in making laws and for advising for prepare it. And also take care about the point of view of all the members.

The permanent representation to the EU with its permanent representative UK can discuss in the institutions of the European union in Brussels. United kingdom always tried to realized its interest and preference in the union and of course with its ambassadors.

Budgets and funding how much does the UK contribute and receive: all the members of the European union are participate in the budget honesty of course. And this contribution made according to the economy if your economy large, so you contribution is high than country has a small interest in the economy. This budget serve insultingly the union itself. In 2005, the finances of the UK was fall down. UK spent more than 18 billion in the EU’s budgets.

EU funded project in the UK: the contribution of the United kingdom serve the budget of the whole union to realer and reached its goals and aims in all the states members. Such as in making line or road and also in researching and others programs.
The Renegotiation (1974, 1975) of EEC membership

The labour government did not accept the idea of joined the EU communities. it saw that this will an abstracte to the commonwealth and to Britain as well. and this what announced by Harold Wilson one year after reached his position as a prime prime minister 1965. in contract, the conservative support the idea for a part of economic European community EEC. Edward health was critiqued by the labor Wilson who promised to demand the renegotiation if the labor returned imp power. and this after the winning of the conservative party in the general election to guide the government in 1970. Britain became one member of EU in 1973 with Denmark and Ireland. and the member of the union raised to nine.

1974 was the year that assisted the victory the victory of the labour party. the labour prime minister profited his position to asked the leaders of the union for several points and institutions for the UK and for made referendum for whether remain or left as he promised before. The labour government found that promise prime minister health dwelled British in problems with his false choosing when he joined the EEC. For this, he seek or made the renegotiation in terms of entry. the labour government announced many speech for explain that the management of the conservative party was bad for Britain’s economy and the Britain’s budget and financiers. the prime minister advised to choose a good decision for Britain for made a part which necessarily and effective for new beginning and new establishment. the government noticed to new renegotiation if the first fall down. it also said that not obligation to accept any treaties and binding of economic communities. on march of 1975, Mr Edward short also talks about this negotiations in good faith and the accept by the parliament and British people. he preferred to still in the community as a member. he also for the fundamental change for Britain of course for continue in. in an attempt to change some policies made a institution which serve Britain.

(Vaughne, 2015)
The negotiation were at Paris summits in 1974, and March 1975 by the prime ministercosdrave. The labour 4s prime minister Wilson asked for many point to achieve in the negotiation. He wanted more faculties inside the union. He demand to deal with non member countries. Because have an interests in the commonwealth and in the trade spreading in world wide. The comp again of yes was supported by the labour members and also by the conservative Margaret Thatcher and others parties and the campaign of no supported by whose not accept the idea of withdrawal from the union. On 5 June 1975 the referent was held and the majority vote for remain the European union for Britain continue membership.

**New direction coming in 1979 with Margaret Thatcher**

In 1979 Margaret Thatcher reached Dawn street, she stay as a prime minister for three time from 1979, to 1990. She believe in privatization and the change and abolished to return to the past.

She preferred the change for touched the solution for certain issues that faced at the time. For new Britain, Mrs. Thatcher made policies for raise rate and the population for serving the economy. In 1981, the British trouser faced problems, and the rates were increased for decrease the public borrowing. She tried to reform things in the cabinet, which were not like it. She always thought about the change and the victory of Britain. She dislike the centre power in Brussels. She believe in Britain’s power and independence country without foreign domination. She successes in the war of Falklands in 1983. In the same year, both of (SDP) social democratic party and the liberal party came against the conservatives in the vote. (Burk, 2003).

The conservative’s and in the second term to reduce a PSBR public sector borrowing requirement Mrs. Thatcher choose the private one. She challenged the miners and the many workers for realizing her aim for radical change. For with new system begin 19798 under the first women as prime minister. She didn’t care a lot about previous colleagues from her party. In her
first term, she tried to left the centre power and foreign domination and the community budget. And she worked in the creation of the single market. She was so satisfied and proud with her new style of conviction politics. And with her description was a different from conservative thinking. Her predecessors from the party were damned her for her new direction, and system in attempt to serve and spread the public sector. And for made the relation with European and Britain’s pride, simple and clean. The ministers from her cabinet were stared believe in this idea and with this, the major supporters begun destruct in the third term.

In this time, the labour became strong than the government, the government fail slowly. In 1988 Thatcher attacked the European’s center as a rejecter of this system, and believing in statehood of Britain as a severing power.

The paradox or the different was marked between the government and the prime minister. But she failed to reached her aim to leave the union. And in 1990, she resigned from her position and John major came instead as a new prime minister and in his time the Maastricht treaty was made.

**Britain vote to leave**

In June from 2016, Britain prepared for the general election for chose whether to stay or withdrew from the European union. The majority of states or citizens preferred to left with more 17 million it’s mean about 51, 9% and about 48,1% vote to remain and stay in and this complain were more than 16 million. The states which chose to withdrawal were England and Wales and many others which were against membership with the EU. While, Scotland largely voted to stay in as a supporter of the European union. Scotland for example vote with 62% for the union and just 38% vote against. And from the campaign for leave, there was England with 53,4% for leave and 46,6% to stay. And also Wales preferred to left with 52,5%. And also Cornwall, Northampton and wealth and many others.
After fourteen years as a member in the European union, Britain prepared for making a general election which was held in 2016.

The majority of the states from Britain or the Britain’s people vote to withdrawal as a supporters of the campaign of leave with more than 51.9%. And England and wales were states from this complain.

Just 48.1% chose to remain the union but this percentage not helped them to realized their aims to stay more. and one of the states who supported the union was the Scotland and some others states. so Britain become out of the union.
Chapter Three

The Unsaid about the British’s Withdraw from the EU
After the General election that made last year; Britain or the majority of voters chose to leave the European Union. And Britain become out of this union as Britons want. The story of Britain with this operation not finished here with its withdraw. Also, Britain received another news which was the resignation of the prime minister of the conservative party David CAMERON. who stated before that will not cut his relation with Europe. but what he do was totally different.

The crisis touched the Tory party. and the collapse and the decline lead Britain to be there the second class. BORIS Johnson from the conservative party said that the day of the vote will be the independence day from Britain. he was against his party. Many conservative’s party refused the centre power in Brussels and prefers the own government in Britain. the ring campaign was supported by the UKIP who against EU. and also, some members from the Tory party like GOVE Michael and Johnson BORIS, who were become without a leader after the loss of their leader Margaret THATCHER.

The reason of the leave ring was the problems of immigration. The immigrants had a part and contribution in the British’s economy development. They serve Britain and its prosperity and they not made problems or bad things there. In contrary, they were better than the UK-born in different sides. the aim of this chapter is to know more about the reality of the British’s withdraw from the EU.

The Britain’s exit meaning

An important decision or change was held in Britain in 23 June of 2016, when Britain peoples voted against membership of EU. and this will made a change or influence to both sides to Britain, European union and the world wide. the vote’s result directly affect the markets which thought that they remain campaign will won. while with
52% campaign of leave won this referendum by the majority from the shires and Wales 72%. in contrarily, to Scotland largely vote to stay in with 67%.

Once again, the opinion polls were perfected to be not right till the last time, they were forecasting a small win for close in contrary, they faced no good result such they made in last election of the later years. the cause of the lose is the absence for understand deeply the reality of society. The governess class not success to understand people and the problems in society. this absence of non-understanding depicted by the founded act of the store markets on the eve of the poll. The stock market were raising and increase in a soar level for months, and this hours before the referendum. And 1,5 extending to the dollar. one of the bad result that marked as a effect of the vote was the decline and the decrease in stock market of the world and in the pound. which was not notice from 1985. these some factors as a warning about the division to UK and EU and world wide. the political failure of this shock effect was decrease instantly. the prime minister, DAVID Cameron feeble political noticed he will left his position by October. (Woods, 2016).

The blairite right –centers who has an important role in the parliamentary labour party were also shocked by the referendum. These Tories closure to the Europe and the capitalism and were not predicted the hit from the working class and the labour voters.

**The resignation of David CAMERON**

The prime minister announced a few time after the referendum’s result. That he going to left dawning street and resigned from position as prime minister.
In his speech, he explained that he accepted and respects the decision of British people for different islands. He shown the rule of people, which’ so important. And he also, thanks both campaign about its decision. Especially his campaign of remain. He speaks about the economy and the power of British’s economy inside the EU. CAMERON advised to make the negotiation for continue in for protect the desire of different side which preferred to stay with the union, like scotch. The prime minister and in his speech aid that he was honored during his governing of six years. He mentioned also his achievements. He explained why he made a referendum for continue as one member of such a union and how safer of Britain in.

“I will do everything I can as prime minister to steady the ship over the coming week and months, but I do not think it would be right for me to try to be the captain that steers our country to its next destination, this is not a decision I’ve taken lightly, but I do believe its in the national interest to have a period of stability, and then the new leadership required.”

CAMERON clearly shows his decision after the result. He explained that he was not the leader of conservative government more. He wish to Britain another guider or prime minister for new government.

Why the division

Peoples have many reasons for their choices to left the union. Some came a reaction and other choose to leave as preference. The former communities of the industry from the north have been determine to years of the economy collapse, unemployment and many others problems like poverty like communities saw that the advance not touched them and the rule still by the west minister or from Brussels. The working class who were against the EU, saw that the benefit of the EU just for
the few, the rich people for become more richer and they found no benefits in this union. and this created the feeling of no care, no right and no equality.

The result shown the existence of political class in the society those see that the ordinary people have no care and touch. And this not just in Britain, it also marked in others countries like Scottish in the referendum for independence in 2005, and also in US with Donald TRUMP. The close ring explained that the remain for the EU reflected the Britain’s living standard and low wages of people. The capitalism and the politicians saw as coming from planet using their no-understanding language, and this noticed by class working and professional in London. they define their selves as a realistic people. (Woods, 2016)

However, the leaders of the right campaign tried to effective the British political to become in the right side. At least during a moment for made a change as they wanted. even they don’t realize their aims, the thatcher campaign will still to advice for their principles inside the conservative government.

FARAGE Nigal, from the UKIP and at the night before the referendum stated “dare to dream that the dawn is breaking on an independent united kingdom.” The aim of FARAGE early show to be a right mare for the people of Britain. No earlier had he noticed than the dark clouds started to accumulate around UKIP’s rising sun.

The crisis in the Tory party

David Cameron, the prime minister said “he who the gods wish to destroy they first make him mad”. the decline and the collapse lead Britain to be in second level Europe. And this’s never accepted by the right ring of the conservative party. BOURIS Johnson's gratified a brag that the 23June 2016 would be Britain’s
independence day, explain how they are separate from the fact. Currently, the fact is about to learn them a hard lesson.

Now the British ruling class and the representative have no relation with future and about what Trotsky mentioned before. They are short sight, and they stupid, think just for a moment. They are influence of bankers and the capitalists. And not the Brussels which rule but these people who rule and will do so. David CAMERON, the leader of his party has several forms of his category that he delineate. He dependent to governing. In contrast, they reflect in a portion and monetary. The conservative party guider govern with the necessities of all the nations. He got a very heedless risk with the Scottish referendum and little success. Currently, he has got an even large risk on the membership of Britain in the EU. And he has failed. The result for conservative party and Britain will not predicted. As the noble Romans of old he has lose on his sword in propitiation on his sins. (Woods, 2016).

**The rift in the Tory party**

The leaders of the leave ring are reactionaries of the bad category. These kind represent the traditional right-wing Tory small Englander disposition that has always been present. It portray the range and judgment of the conservative class and data: shop owners, and retired colonels and others like aristocratic Tories. These groups become with non-leader, after the left of thatcher which came from the same class.

In the parliament, the right complain of the labour party not serve the workers. Thus, David CAMERON was graduate by the conservative party and respect him and protect him from a risk of many groups and communities. The conservative leaders shown the large banks and monopolies in the city of London and not see of superiority and they disrespect as a right complain bigot in the elected parties. This is
a defect path that was skilled which take advantage of the like of Michael GOVE and BOURIS Johnson. GOVE, a persuader and believer in the right campaign of thatcher. he is a loyal mirror of the point of views of the risk and file and fervently support their right campaign importance. JOHNSON and GOVE had again and again refuse they have hopes to came instead the prime minister David CAMERON,. But no side accept their ideas. after an sourly harsh and making the campaign own, the lath will close and become negative. at many element, an open divide in the party will be a separate as a prediction. (Woods,2016).

Earlier, the referendum ring was reputational by the focus of its spirit. A bad personal clash become the principle, with conservative leaders ejaculating abuse and in front of all people, they attack each others and not easy to find a solution to these problems which are inside the party.

Two campaigns marked in the Tory party. the progressive campaign, which supported by the prime minister and the second is the right campaign thatcherite, which advise to believe in by Michael GOVE and Iain DUNCAN Smith, with the help of former Mayer of London BORIS Johnson, and the later is the one who preferred to lead the party in the future.

**BORIS Johnson**

BORIS Johnson is a leader of the leave campaign, which against the British membership in the EU. He is one member from the conservative party. his aim to reach dawning street.

BORIS Johnson only care about his occupation, and put himself with the Tory rank and file and the eurosceptic campaign of the parliamentary party. This
action look to have designed rather well. A moment before the referendum’s result, eminent conservative guiders of the out campaign ratified a letter to David CAMERON demanding from him to mast rope on his position in ministry. This was a reckon action, worked to show themselves in a approving light as firm supporters of the party leaders. and this like what happened with JULIS Caesar when he killed his friend to reached the party.

Johnson BORIS has previously obtain his goal in the rising. He came chose the right campaign of the conservative party and showing that he was good to take the place of the prime minister David CAMERON. especially, after the resignation of David in October of the same year. (Woods, 2016).

Nigel FARAGE

On the last right campaign wing of the Britain exist from the EU, remain or find Nigel FARAGE, the leader of the UKIP. He tried for many time to exhibiting the foreigners. He is against the membership of EU and the immigrants. Till now, he allowed as accepted as a politician.

Few days before the vote, Nigel FARAGE presented remove a picture of many immigrants with black races under slogan “breaking point”. And the a racist action for hide the real cause of unemployment and the housing crisis. All problems in society, the difficulty of finding job, or problems in housing or in other sector so the problems is the immigration. Michael GOVE said that “when I saw that I shuddered “ and this explained that he has relation with FARAGA. the message of FARAGE become heard in the politic life in Britain, but it was not accepted, now it become approvable. His system based in restriction of immigration and no-foreigners coming as a racist actions. This manner worked or effective more than the British national
party and other from fascist groups. Although, Johnson and GOVE not accepted FARAGE’s action, but they supported him secretly. (Woods, 2016)

**The benefits of the immigrants**

The mean reason that made the majority voted to leave was the problems of immigration as they saw. The numbers of immigrants from EU were raised in 2005. It become more than three million and of course the UK also received others from non-EU. The majority of the immigrants in the UK were well educated, and their aged were good to work because they are young and they don’t demand for a high salaries and wages in compare with UK-born. besides, they pay more rates and taxes. Around 44% people from immigrants were well educated and just 23% of the UK-born. one of the reason of the leave campaign was that with existence of the immigrants, Britain’s people find less chances to work or to find a job. but these immigrants also demand good and services and this raised more employment chances and opportunities. and their skills. then, the immigrants skills helps the UK’s born workers to give a result. and this can help to economy in general. the fall in salaries and the problems in job were touched after 2008 when the financial crisis marked in the UK. and with this, the problems not with the immigrants. especially, there was no suffer with the immigrations before, in work and in salaries for the UK’s born workers. and this what coming in new prove. the unequal in job was marked between educated and uneducated workers. UK’s born, who not educate has less opportunities to have a work. this caused the parallel with EU immigrations. (Dhingra, 2016).

the immigrations served the public services and in welfare, when they pay more rates and they also decrease the budget incapacities. and the most important.
These immigrants not made problems such as crimes, or for example spread disease and the health not closed to the risk.

The increase in the member of the refuges have not a relation with EU. They conceded to Germany and they have not a permission to travel to UK or to stay there.

The 23 of June from last year, Britain held a change. UK divided from the rule of EU or member, and it was become free as a decision that made by the majority of Britons in a general election.

The referendum’s result affected negatively the stock market. It was directly after the vote, and also the decline touched the powered which also was collapse in the same time. The Prime Minister David Cameron noticed that he was not the campaign that will lead Britain more, and the raise of thrift and problems in the conservative party explained his decision. Boris Johnson and Michael Cove were two MPs from the conservative party. but, The two supported the enemy’s campaign, or the UKIP’s opinion. Forage Nigel used the restriction if immigration as prove to his opinion. He believed in division and Britain’s Nationality, and he was refused the idea of centre power in Brussels in Belgaum.

The immigrants in Britain affected positively the economy, they served the UK, and signals explain that. So the refuter’s of EU have want to left the Union and there is no problems that made by immigrants. Last year, the Britons really suffered from different problems, and the crisis of 2008 was the main cause of most of the British people’s problems.
General Conclusion
General Conclusion

Last year, Britain and after the general election decided to left the European Union on the majority voted. The Britons saw the Britain’s future outside the Union. A few hours after the referendum’s result, David Cameron made a speech and he explained that he will not lead Britain any more. But in 2013, he announced that he will not stop dealing with Europe and in 2016, David Cameron resigned from his position as prime minister.

Boris Johnson supported the leave ring; he was one member from the conservative party, but he believed in division, his aim is to reach dawning street or the governors. For this he preferred to help the enemies to realize his aim. Forage Nigel another MP from the Tory Party, he was shown support and influence by the UKIP’s ideas of leaving the Union. He used the restriction of immigration as an argument for served his goals and principal he was a nationalist who believed in division.

The immigrants served positively the economy and Britain’s economy, they did not made a problems in the country or create something negative like disease. They work hardly, better than the UK’s born. Besides, they received less salaries, and this explain that the problems not in the immigrations. Maybe the UKIP used it as an excuse to realize their aims or to reach the government. The immigrants in Britain were existed since long time, so how they made problems. The Britons or UK’s born really faced problems in employment or in having houses. The crisis after 2008, change negatively the economy from the US, and it was spread in worldwide and it impacted in Britain as well as, so we cannot say that the problems of Britain was the immigrants, but, it also was happened because of the world’s cries of 2008.
After the loss of Margaret Thatcher, the nationalist or the Thatcherism become alone, they work in trying to realize their aim which is not achieved before. And in 2016, they make a change, and they win the war against the conservative party with the support of betrayal from the party like Gove. The question which can pose is what coming next? Is the UKIP or the nationalists could realized something else in government and in Britain in general?
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